

HCSD REPORT -81-802



FLEXITIME IN AN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER

/ A. DAVID/MANGELSDORFF! Ph.D. Health Care Studies Division Academy of Health Sciences, US Army Fort Sam Houston, Texas 78234



Final Report

April 1981

INC FILE COPY

Prepared for:

UNITED STATES ARMY HEALTH SERVICES COMMAND Fort Sam Houston, Texas 78234

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A Approved for public release; Distribution Unlimited

81 11 06 105

NOTICE

The findings in this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position unless so designated by other authorized documents.

Regular users of the services of the Defense Documentation Center (Per DOD Instruction 5200.21) may order directly from the following:

Defense Documentation Center (DDC)

ATTN: DDC-TSR Cameron Station

Alexandria, VA 22314

Telephones: AUTOVON (108) 28-47633, 34, or 35

IDS 107-47633, 34, or 35

Commercial (202) 27-47633, 34, or 35

All other requests for these reports will be directed to the following:

US Department of Commerce National Technical Information Services (NTIS) 5285 Port Royal Road Springfield, VA 22161

Telephone: Commercial (703) 5-4650

SECURI MY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

. REPORT DOCUMENTATIO	READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM				
1. REPORT NUMBER	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO.	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER			
HCSD 81-002	AD-A107	470			
4. TITLE (and Subtitio)		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED			
Flexitime in an Army Medical Cer	nter	Final Report			
		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER			
7. AUTHOR(e)		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(a)			
A. David Mangelsdorff, Ph.D.	•				
	•				
9. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDR	ESS	10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS			
Health Care Studies Division		The state of the s			
Academy of Health Sciences					
Fort Sam Houston, Texas 78234		12. REPORT DATE			
Commander, US Army Health Service	noo Command				
ATTN: HSPA-C	es Command	April 81 13. NUMBER OF PAGES			
Fort Sam Houston, Texas 78234	·	30			
14. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS(It diffe	erent from Controlling Office)	15. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report)			
		Unclassified			
		154. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE			
	****	SCHEDULE			
16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)					
Unlimited	Approved for public re Distribution Unlimit	leaso;			
17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abetract entering the state of the state					
19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessar Flexitime; Staff Perceptions; M					
The compressed and flexible tion in the federal government. flexitime, allows employees some stopping times on the job. The to the enhancement of the work etions.	workweeks have been The use of variable latitude in estable flexible working henvironment in all	n receiving increased atten- le work schedules, known as lishing their starting and ours scheme is not applicable departments of all organiza-			
Center in May 1979. The objecti		ies at Letterman Army Medical study were:			

determine the effects of flexitime on staff perceptions and (2) to determine whether there are differences between activities on flexitime versus activities not on flexitime. The study was conducted in two phases with Phase 1 in February 1980 and Phase 2 in November 1980. Respondents not on flexitime were asked to consider the last six months for any possible changes that occurred at work.

Staff members were surveyed about their work during each phase. Responses were analyzed using a principal components factor analysis and clustered into groups of items for ease of comparison. Item-clusters were compared for differences as a function of the background characteristics of the respondent (supervisor, direct patient care, on flexitime).

In general, most respondents believed there had been little to no change between the two administrations of the surveys. Change was perceived as related to whether or not the respondents had been on flexitime. There were no significant differences between Phase 1 and Phase 2 in responses to the item-clusters.

Those respondents not on flexitime perceived there had been little to no change. Individuals on flexitime reported increased work efficiency, personal control of time, organizational morale and satisfaction as a result of being on flexitime. Providers of direct patient care perceived little or no changes. Workers on flexitime and not providing direct patient care were most satisfied with travel time and work coverage. Supervisors reported slight to no change in their perceptions. Workers who were non-supervisors perceived significant increases in work efficiency, organizational morale and satisfaction, and positive feelings about the effect of flexitime. Non-supervisors reported a significant decrease in the amount of time away from the job.

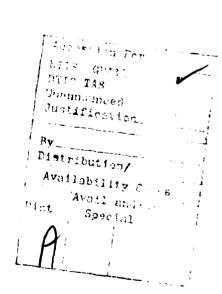
The overall results support the findings of previous studies suggesting that flexitime is perceived as more demanding on supervisors and those with specific types of responsibilities (like direct patient care). Flexitime may be appropriate in certain work settings, but does not have universal

නැහැ සහ අතුන්ව විදුවට දෙවා ඇතුළුවට වැඩව දෙවා දෙවා දෙන නිලදන නැතුණි සිටියෙන් පුණුම්කින් විමි

applicability.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Pa	age
	INTRODUCTION	1
	OBJECTIVE(S)	2
	METHODOLOGY	2
	FINDINGS	3
	DISCUSSION	4
	CONCLUSIONS	5
:	RECOMMENDATIONS(S)	5
	REFERENCES	6
	APPENDICES	29
	DISTRIBUTION LIST	30
	,	
	LIST OF TABLES	
TABL		
1 2	Reliability Estimates of Item-Clusters Sample Characteristics Overall Comparing Phase 1 with Phase 2	7 8
3	Sample Characteristics of Selected Clinics	9
4	Comparing Phase 1 with Phase 2 Analysis of Variance Comparisons Between Phase 1 versus Phase 2	10



FLEXITIME IN AN ARMY MEDICAL CENTER

1. INTRODUCTION.

- a. Problem. Flexitime was introduced into selected activities at Letterman Army Medical Center in May 1979. How the staff responds to flexitime has not been determined.
- b. Purpose. The investigation will document how the staff feels about the introduction of flexitime in selected activities.

c. Background.

- (1) The compressed and flexible workweeks have been receiving increased attention in the federal government. There is currently an experimental three year investigation of compressed and flexitime workweeks being conducted in selected federal government agencies. The program utilizes concepts developed in Europe and practiced in businesses both in the United States and in some foreign industries. The use of variable work schedules, known as flexitime, allows employees some latitude in establishing their starting and stopping times on the job.
- (2) Evaluations of the impact of flexitime have been generally critical of the methodologies employed. Golembiewski and Proehl (1978) surveyed the empirical literature on flexitime workhours (sixteen separate studies of individual flexitime applications); they found: (a) few studies utilized control or comparison groups; (b) longitudinal effects are neglected; (c) many studies used post-only designs; (d) inadequate sampling of employees and generalizability of results; (e) inadequate comparison of union versus non-union results; (f) attitudinal versus behavioral outcomes emphasized; (g) the analyses of results were limited. The Golembiewski and Proehl study listed the behavioral effects reported as changes in: sick leave or absenteeism, tardiness, turnover, trends in costs. The attitudinal effects involved perceived changes in: flexitime being continued, productivity, morale, control of work and personal life, availability of others, communication efficiency, abuses of flexitime, effects on commuting. Organizational perspectives suggested included: employees, first line supervisors, and managers.
- (3) Folkman and Lantta (1978) have developed a flexitime feasibility analysis model for production-oriented organizations. The steps include: set objectives, form a study group, conduct a personnel audit, determine the type of process, study employee social/work interaction, and look at record keeping.
- (4) Schein, Maurer, and Novale (1977, 1978) investigated the impact of a four month flexible working hours program on productivity for five production units within a large financial institution. The flexible working hours had no adverse impact on productivity.
- (5) Nord and Costigan (1973) conducted a longitudinal study of employee responses to the four day week in a medium-sized pharmaceutical company. The patterns of response changed with time. Reactions were generally positive. Women reported more favorable effects on home life and task-oriented plans than men.

- (6) Golembiewski and Proehl (1979a, 1979b) updated their earlier survey of the empirical literature on flexitime. Supporting the previous findings, the authors added that employees definitely see flexitime as positive. Attitude data are not explored psychometrically (that is, scaled or clustered into factors). Little emphasis was placed on involvement, participation, satisfaction, or measures of anxiety at work.
- (7) The flexible working hours scheme is not applicable to the enhancement of the work environment in all departments of all organizations. Advantages and disadvantages must be considered before implementing flexitime.

2. OBJECTIVES.

The study objectives are:

- (1) To determine the effects of flexitime on staff perceptions.
- (2) To determine whether there are differences between activities on flexitime versus activities not on flexitime.

3. METHODOLOGY.

a. Overall approach. Surveys of staff members were conducted in two phases. Comparisons were made between responses.

b. Data Collection.

- (1) In Phase 1, which was conducted in February 1980, staff members were surveyed about their work, whether on flexitime, whether provide direct patient care, or whether act as a supervisor. Since the medical center was already on flexitime at the time of the survey, respondents were asked to use the timeframe of changes perceived during the last six months (or if applicable) since going on flexitime. A total of 950 employees were given questionnaires. Appendix A contains the survey and instructions for administration. The surveys were coordinated through the Personnel Division. When completed, the surveys were sent back to Health Care Studies Division, Academy of Health Sciences, US Army, for analysis.
- (2) In Phase 2, which was conducted in November 1980, staff members were again surveyed about their work. A total of 950 employees were offered surveys. Compliance was voluntary. Appendix B contains the survey.

c. Analysis of Data.

- (1) Descriptive statistics (means, standard deviations, frequencies) of responses were calculated.
- (2) Responses were analyzed using a principal components factor analysis and clustered into groups of items for ease of comparison. For each cluster, an average of all the items responded to by an individual was calculated for that cluster (for example, if a person responded to five items in

a cluster, the average of the five responses was determined). The reliability of each cluster was calculated using coefficient alpha. These clusters were compared for differences as a function of the background characteristics of the respondent (sex, supervisor, direct patient care, patient contact, on flexitime).

(3) Comparisons were made within each of the two phases and between the two phases.

4. FINDINGS.

a. Phase 1.

- (1) Sample Characteristics. Responses were obtained from 756 employees (80%). The sample was 56% male, 37% female, with 7% unidentified. Direct patient care was provided by 39%, while 61% reported patient contact; only 32% were supervisors. The majority of the employees (66%) were not on flexitime.
- (2) Factor Analysis. A principal components factor analysis of the 50 items produced 11 factors having eigenvalues greater than 1.0 and accounting for 73.7% of the cumulative variance. A varimax rotation with Kaiser normalization was performed. Items having an item-factor loading of .30 were extracted. Seven item-clusters were obtained. Table 1 lists the reliability characteristics of each item-cluster.

b. Phase 2.

- (1) Sample Characteristics. Responses were obtained from 243 employees (26%). The sample was 50% male, 44% female, with 6% unidentified. Direct patient care was provided by 73%, while 88% reported patient contact; only 38% were supervisors. The majority of the employees (84%) were not on flexitime.
- (2) Factor Analysis. The principal components factor analysis of the 50 items produced 12 factors having eigenvalues greater than 1.0 and accounting for 82.4% of the cumulative variance. Items having an item-factor loading of .30 were extracted from the Varimax rotation which produced 7 item clusters. Table 1 lists the reliability characteristics of each item-cluster.

c. Comparison Between Phase 1 and Phase 2.

(1) The overall samples in Phase 1 and Phase 2 were not significantly different in the distributions for Sex and for Supervisor. However, there were significant differences between the distributions for Patient Contact, Direct Patient Care, and Flexitime. More staff members were involved with patient contact and direct patient care in the Phase 2 sample. Fewer staff respondents were on flexitime in Phase 2. Table 2 summarizes the overall comparisons of the sample characteristics. Table 4 summarizes the 4-way analysis of variance for the item-clusters.

(2) In order to attempt to correct for the differences between the samples in Phase 1 and Phase 2, responses from staffs that had participated in both Phase 1 and Phase 2 surveys were selected. Table 3 summarizes the comparisons between the sample characteristics of the selected clinics Table 4 depicts the 4-way analysis of variance for the item-clusters.

5. DISCUSSION.

- a. In general, most respondents believed there had been little to no change between the two administrations of the surveys. Change was perceived as related to whether or not the respondents had been on flexitime. Six of the seven item-clusters remained stable between the two phases. The overall findings suggest the following: there were no significant differences between Phase 1 and Phase 2 in responses to the seven item-clusters. Significant differences were obtained as a function of the background characteristics of the respondent (supervisor, provider of direct patient care, on flexitime).
- b. Those respondents <u>not on flexitime</u> perceived there had been little to no change over the past six months for each of the two administrations. In comparison with individuals <u>not on flexitime</u>, those individuals reporting being <u>on flexitime</u> perceived significant increases in: their work efficiency and productivity, their personal control of time, the ease of travel time and work coverage, and a significant decrease in time away from the job. Those individuals <u>on flexitime</u> felt a significant increase in organizational morale and satisfaction as well as significant positive feelings about the effects of flexitime. For the selected clinics, those <u>on flexitime</u> perceived significant increases in: personal control of time, as well as positive effects of flexitime. The Patient Care x Flexitime interaction reflected workers <u>not providing</u> patient care but on flexitime were most positive about the effects of flexitime.
- c. Providers of <u>direct patient care</u> perceived little or no changes. In comparing providers of <u>direct patient care</u> with those <u>not providing direct patient care</u>, the individuals <u>not providing direct patient care</u> reported significant differences with an increase in their personal control of time, an increase in the ease of travel time and work coverage, an increase in organizational morale and satisfaction, and positive feelings about the effects of flexitime. The Patient Care x Flexitime interaction for the work time and work coverage item-cluster revealed workers <u>on flexitime</u> and <u>not providing direct patient care</u> as most satisfied with the travel time and work coverage. For the selected clinics, the Supervisor x Patient Care interaction for the organizational morale and satisfaction item-cluster showed <u>supervisors not providing direct patient care</u> were most satisfied, while <u>supervisors providing direct patient care</u> were least satisfied with organizational morale and satisfaction.
- d. <u>Supervisors</u> reported slight to no change in their perceptions. In comparing <u>supervisors</u> with <u>non-supervisors</u>, <u>non-supervisors</u> perceived significant increases in: their work efficiency and productivity, in the ease of travel time and work coverage, in organizational morale and satisfaction, and positive feelings about the effects of flexitime. <u>Non-supervisors</u> reported a significant decrease in the amount of time away from the job. In the

selected samples, <u>non-supervisors</u> perceived significant increases in: their work efficiency and productivity, as well as in organizational morale and satisfaction. <u>Non-supervisors</u> perceived a significant decrease in the amount of time away from the job.

e. The overall results support the findings of previous studies suggesting that flexitime is perceived as more demanding on supervisors and those with specific types of responsibilities (like direct patient care). Flexitime may be appropriate in certain work settings, but does not have universal applicability.

6. CONCLUSIONS.

- a. Workers on flexitime were more satisfied than workers not on flexitime with their work efficiency, personal control of time, ease of travel time, organizational morale and satisfaction.
- b. Flexitime is perceived as more demanding on supervisors and those with specific types of responsibilities (like direct patient care).
- c. Flexitime may be appropriate in certain work settings, but does not have universal applicability.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS.

- a. Recommend that the findings of the report be made available to Professional Activities, Health Services Command.
- b. Recommend that copies be made available to medical activities interested in considering alternate work schedules.

REFERENCES

- Folkman, S.G. and Lantta, K.D. A flexitime feasibility analysis model for production oriented organizations. M.A. Thesis, Naval Postgraduate School, Monterey, California, 1978.
- Golembiewski, R.T. and Proehl, C.W. A survey of the empirical literature on Flexible workhours: character and consequences of a major innovation, Academy of Management Review, 3(4): 837-853, 1978.
- Golembiewski, R.T. and Proehl, C.W. Is flexitime for employees "hard time" for supervisors? Two sources of data rejecting the proposition. Presented at the American Psychological Association Meeting, New York, New York, 1979.
- Golembiewski, R.T. and Proehl, C.W. A study of the empirical literature on flexible workhours: an update. Presented at the American Psychological Association Meeting, New York, New York, 1979.
- Nord, W.R. and Costigan, R. Worker adjustment to the four-day week: a longitudinal study. Journal of Applied Psychology, 58(1): 60-66, 1973.
- Schein, V.E., Maurer, E.H., and Novak, J.F. Impact of flexible working hours on productivity. <u>Journal of Applied Psychology</u>, 62(4): 463-465, 1977.
- Schein, V.E., Maurer, E. H., and Novak, J.F. Supervisor's reactions to flexible working hours. <u>Journal of Occupational Psychology</u>, 51: 333-37, 1978.

Table 1 Reliability Estimates of Item-Clusters

r								
	Content	Work efficiency and productivity	Personal control of time	Time away from job	Travel time and work coverage	Organizational, morale and satisfaction	Supervisory needs	Flexitime effects
nse	Overall	4.38	4.07	3.58	4.33	4.39	4.39	4.65
Mean-item Response	Phase 2 Overall	4.39	3.86	3.61	4.30	4.37	4.45	4.36
Mean	Phase 1	4.37	4.12	3.57	4.34	4.39	4.38	4.73
pha	Overal1	.953	.928	.738	.852	968.	.407	.981
Coefficient Alpha	Phase 2 Overall	.947	306.	.677	.843	.901	233	.946
Coel	Phase 1	. 995	.933	.755	. 855	895	.532	.925
	Number of Items	26	16	4	4	ശ	ო	2
Item Cluster		-	7	ო	₹	ഹ	9	7
					•			

Table 2
Sample Characteristics Overall Comparing Phase 1 with Phase 2

Variable		Phase 1	Phase 2	Comparisons
Supervisor				
	No Yes	515 241	150 93	$x^2 = 3.09 (df=1)$, ns
Sex				·
	Male Female Unidentified	421 279 56	122 107 14	$x^2 = 4.14 \text{ (df=2)}, \text{ ns}$
Patient Conta	ct			
	No Yes	292 464	28 215	$x^2 = 62.80 \text{ (df=1), p <0001}$
Patient Care				
	No Yes	4 58 29 7	66 177	$x^2 = 81.40 \text{ (df=1), p <0001}$
Flexitime				
	No Yes	498 256	202 38	$x^2 = 27.83 \text{ (df=1), p < 0001}$
TOTAL		756	243	

Sample Characteristics of Selected Clinics Comparing
Phase 1 with Phase 2

Variable		Phase 1 Phase 2		Comparisons			
Supervisor							
	No Yes	166 73	97 67	$x^2 = 4.11 \text{ (df=1), p = .042}$			
Sex							
	Male Female dentified	126 97 16	79 80 5	$x^2 = 4.36 \text{ (df=2), ns}$			
			•				
Patient Contact	61 -	26	3.5				
	No Yes	36 203	15 149	$x^2 = 2.56$ (df=1), ns			
Patient Care							
	No Yes	91 147	36 128	$x^2 = 0.12$ (df=1), ns			
Flexitime							
,	No Yes	202 37	139 22	$x^2 = 0.12$ (df=1), ns			
TOTAL		239	164				

Table 4 Analysis of Variance Comparisons Between Phase 1 versus Phase 2

CLINICS	
9	
=	
\Box	
ರ	
_	
OVERALL	
ਙ	
Æ	
ᆫ	
=	

•	72			υL
	Multiple R	.043 .028 .057 .068 .007		
	制	1/794 1/787 1/783 1/786 1/778 1/631		
	Interactions	ns 1/7 ns		
fects	Flex	12.66(.001) 62.50(.0001) 9.32(.002) 22.40(.0001) 25.55(.001) ns 44.58(.0001)		
	Pat Care	ns 5.19(.023) ns 4.44(035) 4.52(034) ns 3.90(049)		fects
Main Effects	Supv	10.92(.001) ns 11.24(.001) 4.97(.026) 10.62(.001) 4.94(.027) 13.89(.0001)		Main Effects
	Phase	ระ ระ ระ ระ	INICS	
	Dependent	FAC 1 FAC 2 FAC 3 FAC 5 FAC 5	SELECTED CLINICS	

Multiple R ²	.037 .052 .019 .029 .106
制	1/284 1/282 1/278 1/278 1/282 1/212
Interactions	ns ns ns 5.23(.023)SupxPntCar ns 6.84(.010)PntCarxFlex
Flex	5.72(.017) ns ns ns 7.94(.005) 18.17(.001)
Pat Care	5 5 5 5 5 5
Supv	4.84(.029) ns 5.26(.023) ns 6.76(.010) ns
Phase	25
Dependent	FAC 1 FAC 2 FAC 3 FAC 4 FAC 5 FAC 6

NOTES: F (p) values are given F (p) values and variables are noted

APPENDIX A

,

•

To: Joseph J. McGarry
LTC, MSC
Chief, Personnel Division
Letterman Army Medical Center

Subject: Instructions for Flexitime Program Survey

- 1. Please inform all participants that their responses are confidential.
- 2. The Flexitime survey is to be administered to all personnel, whether they are on Flexitime or not. For those not on Flexitime, they will be asked to respond to their perceptions of changes over the past six months (since 1 July 1979). This group will serve as controls for any changes that have occurred during the same time period (but not necessarily from Flexitime).
- Rosters will be maintained by each activity with individual names being checked off when respondents return their sealed forms to the point of contact.
- 4. Individual responses will be folded and stapled by respondents to allow for anonymity. A check-off roster for returns will allow for maximum return rates.
- 5. Patient satisfaction questionnaires consist of two parts:
 a. demographic section to be filled out before receiving care
 b. attitudes toward care provided section to be filled out after
 receipt of care.
 These two sections will be stapled together and dropped into collection
 box as the patient leaves the clinic (outpatient clinics).
- 6. A receptionist at each outpatient clinic is needed to brief patients of the intent of the patient satisfaction survey. It should be stressed that the patient's cooperation is appreciated and needed on both parts. Please insure that patients turn in both parts before leaving the clinic. Receptionsts will keep a roster-count (tally sheet) of how many patients present themselves for care during the time period that the survey is administered. This count will allow for determining the percentage of patients who respond to the survey. Ideally, 100% patient response can be achieved, but some percentage will elect not to respond.
- 7. Sufficient pencils and clipboards are necessary to assist patients in responding to the patient satisfaction survey. The demographic section can be filled out while patients wait for seeing the health care provider.
- 8. Data collection of patient satisfaction should be collected on at least two days (or more) during the week.
- 9. All responses should be returned to: Dr. A. David Mangelsdorff
 Health Care Studies Division
 Academy of Health Sciences (HSA-CHC)
 Ft Sam Houston, Texas 78234
 Please call if you need anything: AUTOVON: 471-4541/3331/3116.
- 10. Thank you very much for your assistance.

WORK SURVEY

GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. Introduction: The Personnel Division, Letterman Army Medical Center is conducting a survey to determine how personnel feel about their work.
- 2. Purpose: The purpose of this survey is to document how personnel feel about their work. Over the past few months, Flexitime has been introduced in selected work centers. This survey will document your experiences and perceptions. Your participation is both needed and appreciated.

SPECIFIC INFORMATION

- 1. A copy of this questionnaire is being provided to each military and civilian worker within Letterman.
- 2. While this is an anonymous response questionnaire, and no attempt will be made to associate response to specific individuals, it is essential that all respondents identify their experience for control purposes.
- 3. When you have completed this survey, please fold it, staple it, and turn it in for collection to your work center coordinator. Any questions requiring clarification or further explanation may be directed to: Mrs McHenry, Personnel Division, LAMC, ext 4291/4215.
- 4. It is requested that the survey be completed and returned not later than 29 February 1980. Thank you for your cooperation.

JOSE I J ACGARM LTC MSC C, Personnel Division

Section I: Control Data

Please answer all the items by filling in, or circling one numerical choice. or whatever appears to be an appropriate response. Age: (years) Profession/job title: Rank/Grade: Years of federal service: active military ____ civil service Sex; male female (please circle one) If civilian, are you a union member? yes Marital status: married single divorced separated widow(er) yes no NA Does your spouse work? Children/dependents living with you; yes NA Live alone: yes no Transportation to work: public transportation a) car pool solo driver c) other Are you a direct supervisor of other employees: yes no (a supervisor directly controls and influences subordinates) If yes, of how many subordinates: Do you have contact with patients: (for example: receptionist, physician) Do you provide direct patient care: yes no Which hours do you work.

which hours do you work:
Is your ward/service/clinic/department/activity on Flexitime? yes no
If applicable, circle the element(s) on Flexitime.
If yes, how long has your ward/service/clinic/department/activity been on
Flexitime?
(months)
Name of ward/clinic/activity:

Section II: Responses

If your ward/service/clinic/department/activity has been on Flexitime, please answer this survey since you have been on Flexitime. If you have not been working under an alternate work schedule, please consider the following items from the perspective of the last six months (from 1 July 1979). Have you been aware of or noticed changes in any of the following aspects of your life and work? Please consider each item as it concerns you personally.

Please answer all the items by filling in, or circling one numerical choice or whatever appears to be an appropriate response. All scaled responses are preceded and followed by clarifying words to emphasize the digital scale.

	Decreased Increased
1 Topic A	1 2 3 4 5 6 7
NA (2) Topic B	1 2 3 4 5 6 7

The digit 1 equals decreased very much, and the digit 7 equals increased very much. Consider if no change occurred, a response of 4 would be marked. If the topic does not apply to you (see above example), circle the item number and write NA next to the item number.

How these topics have affected me personally over the past six months/ or since Flexitime was introduced

TOP	ıc	Decrease	ed .			Increas				
1.	Ease of transportation arrangements	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Ì	
2.	Ease of travel time to work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
3.	Ease of travel time from work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
4.	Lateness of arrival time at work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
5.	Slower work starts on arrival at work	: 1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
6.	Job coverage (work stations covered)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
7.	Communications within department	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
8.	Communications with other departments	. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
9.	Quantity of work produced	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
10.	Quality of work produced	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
11.	Absence from work because of sickness and other reasons	3 1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
12.	Abuses of the system (unwarranted times away from the job)	ne 1	2	3	4	5	6	7		

		Decreased	ł				1	ncrease	:đ
13.	Fatigue during work hours	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
14.	Rest time/break time	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
15.	Efficiency of work unit as a whole	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
16.	Opportunities for my own quiet time (allow for more concentration)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
17.	Job satisfaction	1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7	
18.	Morale (spirit, resourcefulness, commitment)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
19.	Personal control of work	. 1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7	
20.	Availability of supervisor	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
21.	Availability of co-workers	• 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
22.	Availahility of supplies	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
23.	Availability of equipment	, 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
24.	Participation in problem solving	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	٠
25.	Lcyalty to the organization	. 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
26.	Persenal freedom and independence	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
27.	Amount of time during the workweek for taking care of personal affairs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
28.	Coordination of job responsibilities with off-the-job interests	.1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
29.	Amount of time during the workweek for off-the-job recreational interests	or 1	2	3	4	Ę	6	7	
30.	Amount of leisure time	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
31.	Amount of time to spend with family	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
32.	Ease of child-care arrangements	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
33.	Moonlighting (working at another job) 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
34.	Number of hours of sleep	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	

If you are not a supervisor, please go to item 51. If you are a direct supervisor, please consider the following statements since you have been on Plexitime. If you have not been working under an alternate work schedule, please consider the following items during the last six months. Only supervisors are to answer these items.

	Decre	eased	i				3	ncreased
35.	Need to plan and distribute work in advance to my employees	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
36.	Efficiency of work unit	1	2	3	4	5	6 .	7
37.	Productivity of work wait	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
38.	Quality of work produced by subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
39.	Quantity of work produced by subordinates	1	2	3	4	: 5	6	7
40.	Work group meeting deadlines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
41.	Job coverage by subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
42.	Participation of my subordinates in problem solving	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
43.	Need to supervise subordinates	1	2	3	4	5 .	6	7
44.	Amount of overtime in work unit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
45.	Absence of subordinates from work because of sickness and other reasons	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
46.	Lateness among subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
47.	Availability of subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
48.	Morale of subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
49.	Turnover among subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
50.	Job satisfaction of subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Please answer all the items by circling one numerical choice using the scaled responses. The scaled responses are preceded and followed by clarifying words to emphasize the digital scale.

	Negative Positive	Positive		
1 Topic A	Negative Positive 1 2 3 4 5 6 7			
NA 2 Topic B	1 2 3 4 5 6 7			

The digit 1 equals very negative and the digit 7 equals very positive. If the topic does not apply to you (see above example), circle the item number and write NA next to the item number.

TO	PIC	Negative	:				Positive			
51.	Organizational climate	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
52.	How I feel the organization treats me as an employee		2	3	4	5	6	7		
53.	Feelings I have about considering working for another organization that uses fixed working hours	· 1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
54.	Feelings I get when others still working see me leave work early	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
55.	Feelings I get when talking with workers not on Flexitime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
56.	Overall feelings about working under Flexitime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
57.	Effects of Flexitime on scheduling patients	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
58.	Effects of Flexitime on patients' perceptions	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
59.	Effects of Flexitime on services provided to patients	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
60.	Effects of Flexitime on health care providers	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
61.	If you are <u>not</u> under Flexitime, what would be your overall feelings about working under Flexitime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		

Please indicate how important for you is:

self satisfaction		not	at al		3	4	5	6		very	1mportant
			1						·		
•											
•											
	ganizati	on									
leisure pursuits			1	2	3	4	5	6	7		•
recreational pursuits			1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7		
Of the above topics (A through	ı I), th	e most	imp	orta	ant o	one i	for y	ou :	is	·
owed by the next most	importan	t			 •						
least important is		•									
·											
Are there other areas	about y	our work	or to	pic	s wh:	ich y	you 1	woul	d 11	ke t	
r comments about and h	ave not	had the	opport	uni	ty?	If a	30, 1	plea	se c	omme	nt.
·											
											-
	back on	the find		of ti	his :	surv	-v.7	***	•	no	
you interested in feed			ruga (٠,٠	ye	3	•	•
	military/civil servic leisure pursuits recreational pursuits Of the above topics (A owed by the next most least important is	self development your family job satisfaction your profession commitment to your organization military/civil service career leisure pursuits recreational pursuits Of the above topics (A throughowed by the next most important least important is	self development your family job satisfaction your profession commitment to your organization military/civil service career leisure pursuits recreational pursuits Of the above topics (A through I), the owed by the next most important least important is Are there other areas about your work	self development your family job satisfaction your profession commitment to your organization military/civil service career leisure pursuits recreational pursuits 1 Of the above topics (A through I), the most owed by the next most important least important is Are there other areas about your work or to	self satisfaction 1 2 self development 1 2 your family 1 2 job satisfaction 1 2 your profession 1 2 commitment to your organization 1 2 military/civil service career 1 2 leisure pursuits 1 2 recreational pursuits 1 2 Of the above topics (A through I), the most impowed by the next most important least important is Are there other areas about your work or topics	self satisfaction 1 2 3 self development 1 2 3 your family 1 2 3 job satisfaction 1 2 3 your profession 1 2 3 commitment to your organization 1 2 3 military/civil service career 1 2 3 leisure pursuits 1 2 3 recreational pursuits 1 2 3 Of the above topics (A through I), the most importation 1 2 3 Are there other areas about your work or topics who	self satisfaction 1 2 3 4 self development 1 2 3 4 your family 1 2 3 4 job satisfaction 1 2 3 4 your profession 1 2 3 4 commitment to your organization 1 2 3 4 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 leisure pursuits 1 2 3 4 recreational pursuits 1 2 3 4 Of the above topics (A through I), the most important cowed by the next most important Are there other areas about your work or topics which you work or topics which your work or topics which you work or topics which	self satisfaction self development 1 2 3 4 5 your family 1 2 3 4 5 job satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 your profession 1 2 3 4 5 commitment to your organization 1 2 3 4 5 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 5 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 5 recreational pursuits 1 2 3 4 5 of the above topics (A through I), the most important one is owed by the next most important least important is Are there other areas about your work or topics which you work Are there other areas about your work or topics which you work Are there other areas about your work or topics which you work Are there other areas about your work or topics which you work Are there other areas about your work or topics which you work Are there other areas about your work or topics which your	self satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 6 self development 1 2 3 4 5 6 your family 1 2 3 4 5 6 job satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 6 your profession 1 2 3 4 5 6 commitment to your organization 1 2 3 4 5 6 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 5 6 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 5 6 recreational pursuits 1 2 3 4 5 6 of the above topics (A through I), the most important one for your deat important is Are there other areas about your work or topics which you would	self satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 self development 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 your family 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 job satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 your profession 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 commitment to your organization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 leisure pursuits 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 recreational pursuits 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Of the above topics (A through I), the most important one for your owed by the next most important	self satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 self development 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 your family 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 job satisfaction 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 your profession 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 commitment to your organization 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 military/civil service career 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 leisure pursuits 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 recreational pursuits 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Of the above topics (A through I), the most important one for you is owed by the next most important

Name	of	activity	

On Flexitime:

yes

no

Fold and staple once. Thank you.

APPENDIX B

INFORMATION TO PARTICIPANTS

The attached inventory has been designed to provide the commander with information about how personnel feel about their work. This survey will document your experiences and perceptions over the past six months. Your cooperation will assist our being aware of your perceptions. This is an anonymous response questionnaire, and no attempt will be made to associate responses to specific individuals; however, it is essential that all respondents identify their experience for control purposes. If you have any questions, please ask. Thank you very much for your cooperation.

INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE PRIVACY ACT

TITLE OF FORM; WORK SURVEY

AUTHORITY: Section 3012, Title 10 United States Code and Executive Order 9397

PRINCIPLE AND ROUTINE USES: The collected data will be used to support the research, evaluation, and mission requirements of this medical activity. The data may also be used to provide the commander with information about the opinions and attitudes of the staff. No information will be provided to the commander which will allow any single individual or small group of individuals to be specifically identified. The data may be retained on computer cards, computer files, or individual survey forms to be processed for statistical analysis.

COMPLIANCE IS VOLUNTARY: YOU DO NOT HAVE TO FILL OUT THE INVENTORY. There is no effect upon the individual for failure to disclose information.

Section I: Control Data

Please answer all the items by filling in, or circling one numerical choice.

or whatever appears to be an appropriate response. Age: ____ (years) Date: month _____ year __ Profession/job title: Rank/Grade: Years of federal service: sctive military ____ civil service __ Sex: male female (please circle one) If civilian, are you a union member? no Marital status: married single divorced separated widow(er) Does your spouse work? yes NA Children/dependents living with you: yes NA Live alone: yes Transportation to work: a) public transportation b) car/van pool c) solo driver d) other Are you a direct supervisor of other employees: yes no (a supervisor directly controls and influences subordinates) If yes, of how many subordinates: Do you have contact with patients: yes no (for example: receptionist, physician) Do you provide dire t patient care: yes DO Which hours do you work? (If shift worker, choose today as typical.) Which days do you work: M Tu W Th F Sa Su (circle days work) Is your ward/service/clinic/department/activity on Flexitime? If applicable, circle the element(s) on Flexitime. If yes, how long has your ward/service/clinic/department/activity been on Flexitime? (months) Name of ward/clinic/activity:

Section II: Responses

Please consider the following items from the perspective of the last six months (from 1 January 1980). Have you been aware of or noticed changes in any of the following aspects of your life and work? If your ward/service/clinic/department/activity has been on Flexitime, please answer this survey since you have been on Flexitime. Please consider each item as it concerns you personnally.

Please answer all the items by filling in, or circling one numerical choice or whatever appears to be an appropriate response. All scaled responses are preceded and followed by clarifying words to emphasize the digital scale.

	Decreased					Increased				
l Topic A	3.	2	3	4	5	6	7			
2 Topic B	1	2	3	4	5	6	7			

The digit I equals decreased very much, and the digit 7 equals increased very much. Consider if no change occurred, a response of 4 would be marked. If the topic does not apply to you (see above example), circle the item number and write NA next to the item number.

How these topics have affected me personally over the past six months/ or since Flexitime was introduced

TOP	ıc	, Decrease	1	Increased				
1.	Ease of transportation arrangements	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
2.	Ease of travel time to work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
3.	Ease of travel time from work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
4.	Lateness of arrival time at work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
5.	Slower work starts on arrival at work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
6.	Job coverage (work stations covered)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7.	Communications within department	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8.	Communications with other departments	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
9.	Quantity of work produced	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
10.	Quality of work produced	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 .
11.	Absence from work because of sickness and other reasons	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
12.	Abuses of the system (unwarranted time away from the job)	e 1	2	3	4	5	6	7

	De	creased	1			,	1	Incre ased
13.	Fatigue during work hours	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
14.	Rest time/break time	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
15.	Efficiency of work unit as a whole	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
16.	Opportunities for my own quiet time (allow for more concentration)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
17.	Job satisfaction	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
18.	Morale (spirit, resourcefulness, commitment)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
19.	Personal control of work	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
20.	Availability of supervisor	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
21.	Availability of co-workers	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
22.	Availability of supplies	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
23.	Availability of equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
24.	Participation in problem solving	í	2	3	4	5	6	7
25.	Loyalty to the organization	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
26.	Personal freedom and independence	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
27.	Amount of time during the workweek for taking care of personal affairs	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
28.	Coordination of job responsibilities with off-the-job interests	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
29.	Amount of time during the workweek for off-the-job recreational interests	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
30.	Amount of leisure time	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
31.	Amount of time to spend with family	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
32.	Ease of child-care arrangements	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
33.	Moonlighting (working at another job)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
34.	Number of hours of sleep	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

If you are not a supervisor, please go to item 51. Please consider the following items during the last six months. If you are a direct supervisor, please consider the following statements since you have been on Flexitime, if appropriate. Only supervisors are to answer these items.

Are you a direct supervisor: yes no

If no, go to item 51. If yes, please continue with item 35.

		Decrea	sed				Increased			
35.	Need to plan and distribute work in advance to my employees	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
36.	Efficiency of work unit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
37.	Productivity of work unit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
38.	Quality of work produced by subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
39.	Quantity of work produced by subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
40.	Work group meeting deadlines	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
41.	Job coverage by subordinates	3.	2	3	4	5	6	7		
42.	Participation of my subordinates in problem solving	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
43.	Need to supervise subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
44.	Amount of overtime in work unit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
45.	Absence of subordinates from work because of sickness and other reasons	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
46.	Lateness among subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
47.	Availability of subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
48.	Morale of subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
49.	Turnover among subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		
50.	Job satisfaction of subordinates	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		

Please answer all the items by circling one numberical choice using the scaled responses. The scaled responses are preceded and followed by clarifying words to emphasize the digital scale.

		Negative						Positive		
1	Topic A	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	-	
2	Topic B	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		

The digit 1 equals very negative and the digit 7 equals very positive. If the topic does not apply to you (see above example), circle the item number and write NA next to the item number.

TOPI	c ·	Negati	ve				Positive		
51.	Organizational climate	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
52.	How I feel the organization treats me as an employee	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
53.	Feelings I have about considering working for another organization that uses fixed working hours	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
54.	Feelings I get when others still working see me leave work early	′ 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
55.	Feelings I get when talking with workers not on Flexitime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
56.	Overall feelings about working under Flexitime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
57.	Effects of Flexitime on scheduling patients	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
58.	Effects of Flexitime on patients perceptions	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
59.	Effects of Flexitime on services provided to patients	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
60.	Effects of Flexitime on health care providers	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
61.	If you are <u>not</u> under Flexitime, what would be your overall feelings about working under Flexitime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	

Please indicate how important for you is:

	riease indicate now	important for you	1 15:							
			not	at	a11			very	im	ortant
٨.	self satisfaction			ì	2	3	4	5	6	7
В.	self development			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
C.	your family			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
D.	job satisfaction			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
E.	your profession			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
F.	commitment to your o	organization		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
G.	military/civil servi	ce career		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
H.	leisure pursuits			1	2	3	4	5	6	7
ı.	recreational pursuit	s		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
imp	Of the above topics followed by cortant is Are there other are fer comments about and	the next most imp	orta	nt _	ics w	hich	• : you	The Wou	leas	st Like to
	e you interested in fe yes, in what format:	edback on the find a) written summa b) presentation c) presentation d) other (please	ary in s in l	mal] arge	l gro	up	vey?	' y	es	no

Thank you very much for your cooperation.

Name of activity _____

On Flexitime:

yes

ВÓ

Fold and staple once. Thank you.

DISTRIBUTION:

HQDA (DASG) (1)

HSPA HSC (1)

HSOP-S (1)

